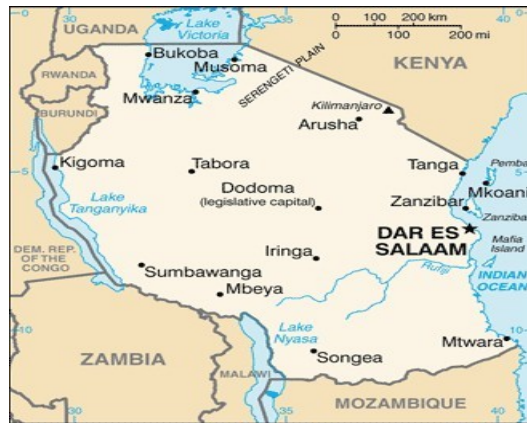


TANZANIA-FACTSHEET



SNAPSHOT	
Official Name	United Republic of Tanzania
Capital	Dodoma
Area	947,300 Km ²
Weather (in C)	Max. temperature:33 °C: Min. temperature :19 °C
Population	61 million (2022) – 0.77% of World Population: 24 th most populated country in the world: Annual growth rate: 3.7%
Forest Cover (% of total area)	37.7% (Source: FAO)
CO2 Emissions	13.4 million tonnes (2018): 0.23 metric tons per capita: Average Annual Growth Rate from 1999 to 2018 is 9.35% (Source: World Data Atlas)
Tourist Arrivals(Year)	5.3 million visitors (2025)
Age Profile Median Age: 18 Yrs.	0-14 years: 42.7% (male 12,632,772/female 12,369,115) 15-24 years: 20.39% (male 5,988,208/female 5,948,134) 25-54 years: 30.31% (male 8,903,629/female 8,844,180)

	55-64 years: 3.52% (male 954,251/female 1,107,717) >65 years: 3.08% (male 747,934/female 1,056,905)
Life Expectancy	67 years (2025)
Languages (With % age of speakers, if available)	Kiswahili , a major Bantu language in Roman script, is the national language and lingua franca; English is widely understood and spoken in urban areas and places of tourist interest.
Ethnic Groups	Mainland: African 99% (of which 95% are Bantu consisting of more than 130 tribes), other 1% (consisting of Asian, European, and Arab decent); The largest ethnic group in Tanzania, the Sukuma, comprises only about 16% of the country's total population Zanzibar: Arab, African, mixed Arab & African (Unlike its neighbouring countries, Tanzania has not witnessed large-scale ethnic conflicts)
Main Religions (With %)	Christian 61.4%; Muslim 35.2%; folk religion 1.8%, others 0.2%; unaffiliated 1.4%. Zanzibar is almost entirely Muslim.
Internet Penetration	85% (2025)
Mobile Phones	99% (2025)
Urbanization	38% of Tanzanians live in urban areas (2025)
National Day	09 December
ECONOMIC	
Currency	Tanzanian Shilling (Tsh)
Exchange rate with US\$ & Rs.	US \$1 = TSh 2,628 (June. 2026) Re.1 = TSh 27.84 (June. 2026)

GDP	US \$ 89.4 billion (IMF-2025)
GDP Growth Rate	6.0% (2025)
Major sectors (% of GDP)	Agriculture: 26.3%; Manufacturing: 23.2%; construction: 12.8%; Tourism: 17.5%; mining: 10.1%.
Per Capita Income	US\$1,316
Unemployment Rate	8.7% (2025)
Inflation (%)	3.3% (Bank of Tanzania 2025)
GDP Per Capita	US \$ 1,302 (2025)
Key economic Strengths	Tanzania's economic strengths are its natural resources, agriculture, tourism, strategic geographical location (Ports), large and growing, domestic market, energy potential, infrastructure development, regional trade opportunities, political and macroeconomic stability, and industrialization potential.
Key technological Strengths	Tanzania's technological strengths are currently in mobile communications, mobile money/fintech, digital services, renewable energy, agricultural technology, and an emerging technology-startup ecosystem.
Total Trade	US \$ 21.42 billion (2023); U S \$ 23.55 billion (2024), US\$26.92 billion (as of Oct. 2025) Goods only.
Exports	US \$ 7.70 billion (2023); U S \$ 8.63 billion (2024), U S \$ 10.67 billion (2025)- Goods only.
Imports	US \$ 13.73 billion (2023); U S \$ 14.92 billion (2024), U S \$ 16.25 billion (2025) - Goods only.
Balance of Trade	US \$ 6.03 billion (2023); U S \$ 6.30 billion (2024), US\$ 5.58 billion (2025) – Goods only. Unfavorable balance of trade.
Major Trading Partners (Currency Unit billion)	China: US 6.21 billion (2025) – Source: NBS South Africa: U S \$ 3.44 billion (2025) Tanzanian data- NBS India : US\$ 9.02 billion (2025/26) - Indian data-DGCI&S US\$2.99 billion (2025) – Goods only - Tanzanian data-NBS

	UAE : U S \$ 2.99 billion (2025) Tanzanian data-NBS Kenya: U S \$ 0.93 billion (2025) - Tanzanian data-NBS Source: <i>Tanzania National Bureau of Statistics (NBS)</i>
POLITICAL	
Political Structure	The 1977 Constitution provides for Tanzania to be a unitary, Presidential Republic based on multi-party parliamentary democracy, with the President, elected directly, being eligible for maximum two 5-year terms as the executive Head of State. The President is assisted by the Vice President, Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers. National Assembly [Bunge] has up to 325 members, 75 special women's representatives apportioned among the political parties based on their election results and 10 Presidential nominees. The ruling party, <i>Chama Cha Mapinduzi</i> [CCM or Revolutionary Party], formed by the merger of Tanganyika African National Union (TANU) and Afro-Shirazi Party in 1977 has remained in power since independence. There are 15 other registered political parties, the leading among them being the <i>Chama Cha Demokrasia na Maendeleo</i> (CHADEMA) and the Civic Union Front [CUF] are the main opposition parties. Zanzibar has its own Constitution, President, House of Representatives and Flag. The judiciary has evolved from the British model and is largely independent.
HOS & HOG	H.E. Dr. Samia Suluhu Hassan (assumed office on 19th March 2021 after the demise of the sitting President John Magufuli on 17th March 2021) On 03 November 2025, Presidency of Dr. Samia Suluhu Hassan was inaugurated for a second term following the 29 October, 2025 General Elections in

	which she has won 97.66% of the vote.
Prime Minister	Dr. Mwigulu Nchemba. (He was appointed by President Samia Suluhu Hassan and took office on November 13, 2025 , following the general elections held on 29 October 2025)
Minister for Foreign Affairs and East African Cooperation	H.E. Amb. Mahmoud Thabit Kombo (appointed by President H.E. Dr. Samia Suluhu Hassan on 17 November 2025)
Major Political Developments in last 12 months	General Elections on October 29, 2025 (President Samia Suluhu Hassan secured re-election with an unprecedented 97.66 percent of the total vote, capturing 31,913,866 ballots out of the 32,678,844 votes cast nationwide) On 11 November 2025, the 13th Parliament of the United Republic of Tanzania officially convened in the capital city of Dodoma without an established or recognized opposition bloc.
Next Elections	General elections October 2030
Membership of International Organizations	International Solar Alliance, Global Biofuel Alliance, United Nations, WTO, Commonwealth of Nations, IAEA, Interpol, Non-Aligned Movement (NAM), IMF, World Bank Group, FAO, ICAO, ILO, ITU, UNESCO WHO, WMO, WFP, SADC, African Union, East African Community, AfDB
BILATERAL	
Engagements with PM	Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi's State Visit to Tanzania in 2016 and President Dr. Samia Suluhu Hassan's State Visit to India in October 2023, which elevated our bilateral relations to a Strategic Partnership.
Bilateral Trade	US\$ 9.02 billion (2025/26); US\$ 8.64 billion (2024/25); US\$7.91 billion (2023/2024) US \$2.99 billion (2025) US \$3.67 billion (2024) – Calendar Year Tanzanian data-NBS
Indian Exports to Tanzania	US\$ 5.42 billion (2025/26); US\$4.79 billion (2024/2025); US\$4.62 billion (2023/2024); FY-Indian data US\$ 2.01billion (2023); U S \$ 2.03 billion (2024); U S \$ 2.06 billion (2025) CY-Tanzanian data-NBS

Indian Imports from Tanzania	US\$ 3.60 billion (2025/2026); US\$3.85 billion (2024/2025); US\$3.29 billion (2023/2024);-FY-Indian data US\$ 1.67 billion (2023); U S \$ 1.64 billion (2024); U S \$ 0.94 billion (2025) CY-Tanzanian data
Major Items of Export and Import	Indian Exports: petroleum products, pharmaceuticals, chemicals, motor vehicles, Motorcycles (two wheeler & three wheeler), Electrical goods, articles of iron & amp; steel, sugar, machinery, etc. Indian Imports: Gold, dried leguminous vegetables (pulses), Cashew nuts, soyabeans, unwrought lead, timber, cotton, clove, coffee, metal scrap, precious stones, oilcake etc.
Indian Investments in Tanzania	US \$ 4.74 billion (cumulative) – as of 2025
Tanzania investments in India	US \$ 3.90 million (cumulative) – as of 2025
Key ares of cooperation	Frequent High level Visits; Development Partnership (USD 1.1 billion lines of credit for water projects); Defence & Nuclear cooperation; Economy & Commerce (US\$ 9.02 billion (2025/26)) ; Education and Capacity building (IIT Madras Zazibar campus) & 1000+ ITEC and 135 ICCR Scholarships; Various Grants/Aid by India to Tanzania
Indian Origin/PIOs	NRIs (Expatriates) : 15,000 -20,000 (est) PIOs :40,000 (est)
Indian diaspora	NRIs : Mostly professionals engaged in senior management positions in Indian and local companies. Also technical personnel on shop floor jobs. (Most of them are from South Indian States, Maharashtra, West Bengal etc.) PIOs: Mostly Hindus & Muslims from Gujarat – all in business; There are also sizeable number of Punjabi Sikhs & Hindus.
Indian Companies	Banks :(i) Bank of Baroda; (ii) Bank of India

	<u>PSUs</u> : (i) TanzIndia Insurance (with investment of LIC and GIC) <u>Private Companies</u> (i)TATA Africa Holdings (Tanzania) Ltd. (ii)Airtel Tanzania (iii) (iii) Kamal Steel (iv) Larsen & Toubro (water sector, power transmission) (v) AFCONS (water sector) (vi) KEC International Ltd. (power transmission) (vii)Megha Engineering (water sector) (viii)JWIL Infrastructure Limited (ix)Hester Biosciences (animal vaccines) (xi) Mahashree Agro Processing Ltd., Morogoro (xii) Biopharm Laboratories Limited (Pharma) Ashok Leyland, TVS, Bajaj, Hero Motor Corporation, Mahindra & Mahindra Ltd. etc. have their agents & distributors in Tanzania <u>Others</u> In addition, there are several linguistic and other Indian Associations & Organizations, Hindu & Jain Temples & Gurudwaras.
Tourist Arrivals from Tanzania	1085 in FY 2025-26 & 820 in FY-2024-25
Connectivity	One Direct Flight per day between Mumbai and Dar es Salaam

As on – 20 October 2026